

Idaho Public Charter School Commission

514 W Jefferson, Suite 303

Boise, Idaho 83720

Phone: (208)332-1561

pcsc@osbe.idaho.gov

Alan Reed, Chairman

Jenn Thompson, Director

Operational Framework - Adopted 8/13/20 Revised 2/10/22 Page \mid 1

FINANCIAL MEASURES

NEAR TERM HEALTH

- 1. Current Ratio
- 2. Unrestricted Days Cash
- 3. Default
- 4. Enrollment Variance

SUSTAINABLE HEALTH

- 5. Total Margin and 3Yr Aggregated Total Margin
- 6. Cash Flow and Multi-Year Cash Flow
- 7. Debt Service Coverage Ratio
- 8. Debt to Asset Ratio
- 9. Financial Compliance Rubric

NEAR-TERM HEALTH

1. Current Ratio

Calculation: Current Assets divided by Current Liabilities

Data Source: Annual Fiscal Audit Report

Current Ratio Rubric	
Exceeds Standard	The school has a current ratio of more than 1.5
Meets Standard	The school has a current ratio of at least 1.1 (or between 1.0 and 1.1 with a 1-year positive trend)
Approaches Standard	The school has a current ratio of between .9 and 1.0 (or between 1.0 and 1.1 with a 1-year negative trend)
Does Not Meet Standard	The school has a current ratio of .9 or less.

2. Unrestricted Days Cash

Calculation: Unrestricted Cash and investments divided by ((Total Expenses minus Depreciation Expense)

/ 365)

Unrestricted Days Cash Rubric	
Exceeds Standard	The school has more than 60 days cash on hand
Meets Standard	The school has 60 days cash
	OR
	Between 30- and 60-days cash and one-year trend is positive. *Note: Schools in their first or second year of operation must have a minimum of 30 days cash.
Approaches	The school has between 15-30 days cash
Standard	OR
	Between 30-60 days cash, but one-year trend is negative.
Does Not Meet Standard	The school has fewer than 15 days cash on hand.

3. Default

Calculation: No calculation.

Data Source: Annual Fiscal Audit Report, Terms of Debt, Other Formal Notifications Received by School.

Default Rubric	
Exceeds Standard	The school has met standard for at least 3 consecutive years, including the most recently completed school year.
Meets Standard	The school is not in default of any financial obligations and did not experience any instances of default during the fiscal year. Financial obligations include, but are not limited to, making payments to vendors and utility services on time, complying with all loan covenants, filing any reports required for maintenance of grants or philanthropic funds, meeting all tax obligations, and operating without financial judgements or property liens.
Approaches Standard	The school experienced one or more instances of minor default during the fiscal year (such as making late payments); however, the school is not currently in default of any financial obligations.
Does Not Meet Standard	School is currently in default of financial obligations.

4. Enrollment Variance

Calculation: Actual enrollment as of the first Friday in November (drawn from ISEE) divided by enrollment projections as submitted directly to the IPCSC in July.

Data Source: ISEE and direct school report

Enrollment Variance Rubric	
Exceeds Standard	The school has met standard for at least 3 consecutive years, including the most recently completed school year.
Meets Standard	Enrollment variance is equal to or greater than 95%.
Approaches Standard	Enrollment variance was between 90% and 95%, OR The enrollment variance was less than 90% and the school provided a mid- year amended budget evidencing at least a break-even budget based on mid- term enrollment and any resulting revenue adjustments.
Does Not Meet Standard	Enrollment variance was less than 90% and the school did not provide evidence of mid-year budget amendments or operational changes evidencing at least a break-even budget based on mid-term enrollment and any resulting revenue adjustments.

Operational Framework - Adopted 8/13/20Revised 2/10/22Page | 4

SUSTAINABLE HEALTH

5. Total Margin and 3Yr Aggregated Total Margin Calculation:

Most Recent Year Total Margin: 2019 Net Income divided by 2019 Total Revenue.

3-Year Aggregated Total Margin: (2019 Net Income +2018 Net Income +2017 Net Income) divided by (2019 Total Revenue +2018 Total Revenue +2017 Total Revenue)

Total Margin and 3-Yr Aggregated Total Margin	
Exceeds Standard	The school has met standard for 3 or more consecutive years, including the most recently completed school year.
Meets Standard	Aggregated 3-year Total Margin is positive and the most recent year Total Margin is positive
	OR
	Aggregated 3-Year Total Margin is greater than -1.5 percent, the trend is positive for the last two years, and the most recent year Total Margin is positive.
	*Note: For schools in their first or second year of operation, the cumulative Total Margin must be positive.
Approaches Standard	Aggregated 3-Year Total Margin is greater than -1.5 percent, but trend does not "Meet Standard".
Does Not Meet Standard	Aggregated 3-Year Total Margin is less than or equal to -1.5 percent OR The most recent year Total Margin is less than -10 percent.

6. Cash Flow and Multi-Year Cash Flow

Calculation (example years are included as reference):

Most Recent Year Cash Flow: 2020 Cash and Investments minus 2019 Cash and

Investments Previous Year Cash Flow: 2019 Cash and Investments minus 2018

Cash and Investments Multi-Year Cash Flow: 2020 Cash and Investments minus

2018 Cash and Investments

Cash Flow and Multi-Year Cash Flow	
Exceeds Standard	The school has met standard for 3 or more consecutive years, including the most recently completed school year.
Meets Standard	Multi-Year Cumulative Cash Flow is positive, and Cash Flow is positive in the most recent year is positive, OR Multi-Year Cumulative Cash Flow is negative, but documentation identifies this as a result of a one-time, planned purchase (such as a facility remodel). *Note: Schools in their first or second year of operation must have
Annuachas	positive cash flow. Multi Veen Cumulative Cook Flow is negitive, but Cook Flow is negative in the
Approaches Standard	Multi-Year Cumulative Cash Flow is positive, but Cash Flow is negative in the most recent year.
Does Not Meet Standard	Multi-Year Cumulative Cash Flow is negative, and no documentation identifies this as a result of a one-time, planned purchase.

7. Debt Service Coverage Ratio

Calculation:

If school owns its facility or if the school leases its facility and the lease is capitalized: (Net Income + Depreciation Expense + Interest Expense) divided by (Principal + Interest + Lease Payments)

If school leases its facility and the lease is not capitalized: (Facility Lease Payments + Net Income + Depreciation Expense + Interest Expense) divided by (Principal + Interest + Lease Payments)

Data Source: Annual Fiscal Audit Report

Debt Service Coverage Ratio Rubric	
Exceeds Standard	The school's debt service coverage ratio is 1.5 or greater
	OR
	The school operates debt-free.
Meets Standard	Debt Service Coverage Ratio is between 1.1 and 1.49
Approaches Standard	The school's debt service coverage ratio is between .9 and 1.09
Does Not Meet Standard	Debt Service Coverage Ratio is less than .9

8. Debt to Asset Ratio

Calculation: Total Liabilities divided by Total Assets

Debt to Asset Ratio	
Exceeds Standard	The school has met standard for 3 consecutive years, including the most recently completed school year., OR The school operates debt-free.
Meets Standard	The school's Debt to Asset Ratio is less than 0.9
Approaches Standard	The school's Debt to Asset Ratio is between 0.9. and 1.0
Does Not Meet Standard	The school's Debt to Asset Ratio is greater than 1.0

9. Financial Compliance Rubric

Calculation: Total Liabilities divided by Total Assets

Data Source: Annual Fiscal Audit Report, Desk Audit of Policies, Other Formal Notifications Received by School

Financial Compliance Rubric	
Exceeds Standard	The school has met standard for 3 or more consecutive years, including the most recently completed school year.
Meets Standard	 Accounting Practices: finances are managed in compliance with GAAP. Financial Transparency: expenditures and contracts are posted on the school's site. Internal Controls: the school's internal controls are compliant.
Approaches Standard	The school was informed of non-compliance with accounting practices, financial transparency, or internal controls, and prompt action to correct is in evidence.
Does Not Meet Standard	The school is operating under a notification of fiscal concern or a notification of possible or imminent closure OR
	The school was informed of non-compliance with accounting practices, financial transparency, or internal controls and the issues were not corrected within 30 days.