

IDAHO PUBLIC CHARTER SCHOOL COMMISSION

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PUBLIC CHARTER SCHOOL COMMISSION SPECIAL MEETING

January 22, 2016 304 N 8th Street, Boise ID Borah Building, Room 242

AGENDA

Friday, January 22nd, 2016 - 304 N 8th St, Rm 242, 10:00 a.m.

1. Legislative Update

If auxiliary aids or services are needed for individuals with disabilities, or if you wish to speak during the Open Forum, please contact the SBOE office at 334-2270 or PCSC staff before the meeting opens. While the PCSC attempts to address items in the listed order, some items may be addressed by the PCSC prior to or after the order listed.

SUBJECT

Legislative Update

APPLICABLE STATUTE, RULE, OR POLICY

N/A

BACKGROUND

During the 2016 legislative session, the Idaho State Board of Education (SBOE) will propose legislation related to public charter schools.

DISCUSSION

This meeting provides an opportunity for the PCSC to discuss charter school legislation proposed by the SBOE. The proposed legislation provides clarity and guidance regarding charter school replication and educational service providers.

PCSC staff has been involved with SBOE and stakeholder discussions regarding the proposed legislation, and has reviewed the policies and experiences of other states with regard to the issues it intends to address.

IMPACT

Information item only.

STAFF COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Staff has no concerns regarding the provisions of the SBOE's proposed charter legislation.

COMMISSION ACTION

Any action would be at the discretion of the PCSC.

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ΩΩΩΩΩ	LEGISLATURE OF				ΩΩΩΩΩ
Sixty-third Legislature			econd Regular	Session	- 2016
	IN THE				
BILL NO.					
	BY				

AN ACT

RELATING TO PUBLIC CHARTER SCHOOLS; AMENDING SECTION 33-5202A, IDAHO CODE, TO DEFINE TERMS AND TO REVISE A DEFINITION; AMENDING SECTION 33-5203, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE AN ADDITIONAL WAY TO FORM A PUBLIC CHARTER SCHOOL AND TO SPECIFY THAT A CHARTER HOLDER MAY NOT OPERATE ENTERPRISES OTHER THAN THE PUBLIC CHARTER SCHOOLS FOR WHICH IT HAS BEEN AUTHORIZED; AMENDING SECTION 33-5204, IDAHO CODE, TO ALLOW PUBLIC CHARTER SCHOOL NONPROFIT BOARDS TO HOLD MULTIPLE CHARTERS UNDER CERTAIN CONDITIONS AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 33-5204, IDAHO CODE, AS AMENDED BY SECTION 71, CHAPTER 141, LAWS OF 2015, TO ALLOW PUBLIC CHARTER SCHOOL NONPROFIT BOARDS TO HOLD MULTIPLE CHARTERS UNDER CER-TAIN CONDITIONS AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 33-5205, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING PETITIONS TO ESTAB-LISH PUBLIC CHARTER SCHOOLS, TO REVISE CODE REFERENCES AND TO MAKE TECH-NICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING CHAPTER 52, TITLE 33, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION 33-5205C, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE FOR CHARTER SCHOOL REPLICATION AND RELATED PROVISIONS; AMENDING SECTION 33-5206, IDAHO CODE, TO REQUIRE REPLICATION PUBLIC CHARTER SCHOOLS TO ESTABLISH A CERTAIN ADMISSION PREFERENCE POLICY, TO ALLOW PUBLIC CHARTER SCHOOLS TO CONTRACT WITH EDUCATIONAL SERVICES PROVIDERS SUBJECT TO CERTAIN CON-DITIONS AND TO MAKE A TECHNICAL CORRECTION; AMENDING SECTION 33-5207, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE THAT REPLICATION PUBLIC CHARTER SCHOOLS ARE SUB-JECT TO PROVISIONS REGARDING CHARTER REPEAL PROCEDURES; AMENDING SEC-TION 33-5208, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE A CORRECT CODE REFERENCE; AMENDING SECTION 33-5209A, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING ACCOUNT-ABILITY REQUIREMENTS; AMENDING SECTION 33-5209B, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING CHARTER RENEWALS; AMENDING SECTION 33-5209C, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING THE ENFORCEMENT, REVOCATION AND APPEAL PROCESS FOR CHARTER HOLDERS; AMENDING SECTION 33-5210, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING CERTAIN EXEMPTIONS, TO REMOVE A PROVISION THAT SUBJECTS CERTAIN PUBLIC CHARTER SCHOOLS TO CERTAIN RULES AND TO MAKE A TECHNICAL CORRECTION; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

SECTION 1. That Section 33-5202A, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 33-5202A. DEFINITIONS. As used in this chapter, unless the context requires otherwise:
 - (1) "Authorized chartering entity" means any of the following:
 - (a) A local board of trustees of a school district in this state;
- (b) The public charter school commission created pursuant to the provisions of this chapter;
 - (c) An Idaho public college, university or community college;

(d) A private, nonprofit Idaho-based, nonsectarian college or university that is accredited by the same organization that accredits Idaho public colleges and universities.

(2) "Charter" means the grant of authority approved by the authorized chartering entity to the board of directors of the public charter school.

- (3) "Charter holder" means the public charter school's board of directors to which a charter is granted pursuant chapter 52, title 33, Idaho Code.
- (4) "Educational services provider" means a nonprofit or for-profit entity that contracts with a public charter school to provide educational services and resources including administrative support and educational design, implementation or management.
- (5) "Founder" means a person, including employees or staff of a public charter school, who makes a material contribution toward the establishment of a public charter school in accordance with criteria determined by the board of directors of the public charter school, and who is designated as such at the time the board of directors acknowledges and accepts such contribution. The criteria for determining when a person is a founder shall not discriminate against any person on any basis prohibited by the federal or state constitutions or any federal, state or local law. The designation of a person as a founder, and the admission preferences available to the children of a founder, shall not constitute pecuniary benefits.
- $(4\underline{6})$ "Performance certificate" means a fixed-term, renewable certificate between a public charter school and an authorized chartering entity that outlines the roles, powers, responsibilities and performance expectations for each party to the certificate.
- (57) "Petition" means the document submitted by a person or persons to the authorized chartering entity to request the creation of a public charter school.
- (68) "Professional-technical regional public charter school" means a public charter secondary school authorized under this chapter to provide programs in professional-technical education which meet the standards and qualifications established by the division of professional-technical education. A professional-technical regional public charter school may be approved by an authorized chartering entity and, by the terms of its charter, shall operate in association with at least two (2) school districts. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 33-5205(3)(j), Idaho Code, participating school districts need not be contiguous.
- (79) "Public charter school" means a school that is authorized under this chapter to deliver public education in Idaho.
- $(\frac{8}{10})$ "Traditional public school" means any school existing or to be built that is operated and controlled by a school district in this state.
- (911) "Virtual school" means a school that delivers a full-time, sequential program of synchronous and/or asynchronous instruction primarily through the use of technology via the internet in a distributed environment. Schools classified as virtual must have an online component to their school with online lessons and tools for student and data management.

SECTION 2. That Section 33-5203, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 33-5203. AUTHORIZATION -- LIMITATIONS. (1) The creation of public charter schools is hereby authorized. Public charter schools shall be part of the state's program of public education.
- (2) New public charter schools which may begin educational instruction in any one (1) school year shall be subject to the following:
 - (a) No whole school district may be converted to a charter district or any configuration which includes all schools as public charter schools; and
 - (b) A petition must be received by the initial authorized chartering entity no later than September 1 to be eligible to begin instruction the first complete school year following receipt of the petition; and
 - (c) To begin operations, a newly chartered public school must be authorized by no later than January 1 of the previous school year.
- (3) A public charter school may be formed either by creating a new public charter school or replicating an existing high-performing public charter school, which charter may be approved by any authorized chartering entity, or by converting an existing traditional public school to a public charter school, which charter may only be approved by the board of trustees of the school district in which the existing public school is located.
 - (4) No charter shall be approved under this chapter:
 - (a) Which provides for the conversion of any existing private or parochial school to a public charter school.
 - (b) To a for-profit entity or any school which is operated by a for-profit entity, provided however, nothing herein shall prevent the board of directors of a public charter school from legally contracting with for-profit entities for the provision of products or services that aid in the operation of the school.
 - (c) By the board of trustees of a school district if the public charter school's physical location is outside the boundaries of the authorizing school district.
- (5) A public virtual school charter may be approved by any authorized chartering entity except a local school district board of trustees. In addition, a charter may also be approved by the state board of education pursuant to section 33-5207(5)(b), Idaho Code.
- (6) A charter holder may not operate enterprises other than the public charter schools for which it has been authorized.
- (7) The state board of education shall adopt rules, subject to law, to establish a consistent application and review process for the approval and maintenance of all public charter schools.
- (78) Each public charter school authorized by an authorized chartering entity other than a local school district board of trustees is hereby designated as a local education agency (LEA) as such term is defined in 34 CFR 300.28. Public charter schools chartered by the board of trustees of a school district may also be designated by the board of trustees as an LEA, with the concurrence of the public charter school board of directors. Otherwise, the public charter school shall be included in that district's LEA.
- SECTION 3. That Section 33-5204, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

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33-5204. NONPROFIT CORPORATION -- LIABILITY -- INSURANCE. (1) A public charter school shall be organized and managed under the Idaho nonprofit corporation act. The board of directors of a public charter school shall be deemed public agents authorized by a public school district, the public charter school commission, or the state board of education to control the public charter school, but shall function independently of any school board of trustees in any school district in which the public charter school is located or independently of the public charter school commission, except as provided in the charter. The nonprofit board as the charter holder may hold multiple charters under the following conditions:

- (a) Each public charter school must have its own performance certificate; and
- (b) Each public charter school must be independently accountable for its academic, financial and operational outcomes.
- (2) For the purposes of section 59-1302(15), Idaho Code, a public charter school created pursuant to this chapter shall be deemed a governmental entity. Pursuant to the provisions of section 63-36220, Idaho Code, sales to or purchases by a public charter school are exempt from payment of the sales and use tax. A public charter school and the board of directors of a public charter school are subject to the provisions of:
 - (a) Sections 18-1351 through 18-1362, Idaho Code, on bribery and corrupt influence, except as provided by section 33-5204A(2), Idaho Code;
 - (b) Chapter 5, title 74, Idaho Code, on prohibitions against contracts with officers;
 - (c) Chapter 4, title 74, Idaho Code, on ethics in government;
 - (d) Chapter 2, title 74, Idaho Code, on open public meetings; and
- (e) Chapter 1, title 74, Idaho Code, on disclosure of public records; in the same manner that a traditional public school and the board of school trustees of a school district are subject to those provisions.
- (23) A public charter school may sue or be sued, purchase, receive, hold and convey real and personal property for school purposes, and borrow money for such purposes, to the same extent and on the same conditions as a traditional public school district, and its employees, directors and officers shall enjoy the same immunities as employees, directors and officers of traditional public school districts and other public schools, including those provided by chapter 9, title 6, Idaho Code. The authorized chartering entity that approves a public school charter shall have no liability for the acts, omissions, debts or other obligations of a public charter school, except as may be provided in the charter. A local public school district shall have no liability for the acts, omissions, debts or other obligations of a public charter school located in its district that has been approved by an authorized chartering entity other than the board of trustees of the local school district.
- (34) Nothing in this chapter shall prevent the board of directors of a public charter school, operating as a nonprofit corporation, from borrowing money to finance the purchase or lease of school building facilities, equipment and furnishings of those school building facilities. Subject to the terms of a contractual agreement between the board and a lender, nothing herein shall prevent the board from using the facility, its equipment and furnishings as collateral for the loan.

- (45) Public charter schools shall secure insurance for liability and property loss.
 - (56) It shall be unlawful for:
 - (a) Any director to have pecuniary interest, directly or indirectly, in any contract or other transaction pertaining to the maintenance or conduct of the authorized chartering entity and charter or to accept any reward or compensation for services rendered as a director except as may be otherwise provided in this subsection. The board of directors of a public charter school may accept and award contracts involving the public charter school to businesses in which the director or a person related to him by blood or marriage within the second degree has a direct or indirect interest, provided that the procedures set forth in section 18-1361 or 18-1361A, Idaho Code, are followed. The receiving, soliciting or acceptance of moneys of a public charter school for deposit in any bank or trust company, or the lending of moneys by any bank or trust company to any public charter school, shall not be deemed to be a contract pertaining to the maintenance or conduct of a public charter school and authorized chartering entity within the meaning of this section; nor shall the payment by any public charter school board of directors of compensation to any bank or trust company for services rendered in the transaction of any banking business with such public charter school board of directors be deemed the payment of any reward or compensation to any officer or director of any such bank or trust company within the meaning of this section.
 - (b) The board of directors of any public charter school to enter into or execute any contract with the spouse of any member of such board, the terms of which said contract require, or will require, the payment or delivery of any public charter school funds, moneys or property to such spouse, except as provided in paragraph (c) of this subsection or in section 18-1361 or 18-1361A, Idaho Code.
 - (c) No spouse of any director may be employed by a public charter school physically located within the boundaries of a school district with a fall student enrollment population of greater than one thousand two hundred (1,200) in the prior school year. For public charter schools physically located within the boundaries of a school district with a fall student enrollment population of one thousand two hundred (1,200) or less in the prior school year, such spouse may be employed in a non-administrative position for a school year if each of the following conditions has been met:
 - (i) The position has been listed as open for application on the public charter school website or in a local newspaper, whichever is consistent with the school's current practice, and the position shall be listed for at least sixty (60) days, unless the opening occurred during the school year, in which case the position shall be so listed for at least fifteen (15) days. If the position is listed in a newspaper, the listing shall be made in a manner consistent with the provisions of section 60-106, Idaho Code;
 - (ii) No applications were received that met the minimum certification, endorsement, education or experience requirements of the position other than such spouse;

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(iii) The director abstained from voting in the employment of the spouse and was absent from the meeting while such employment was being considered and determined.

The public charter school may employ such spouse for further school years, provided that the conditions contained in this paragraph are met for each school year in which such spouse is employed. The director shall abstain from voting in any decisions affecting the compensation, benefits, individual performance evaluation or disciplinary action related to the spouse and shall be absent from the meeting while such issues are being considered and determined. Such limitation shall include, but not be limited to: any matters relating to negotiations regarding compensation and benefits; discussion and negotiation with district benefits providers; and any matter relating to the spouse and letters of reprimand, direction, probation or termination. Such limitations shall not prohibit the trustee spouse from participating in deliberation and voting upon the district's annual fiscal budget or annual audit report. Any spouse of a director employed as a certificated employee pursuant to this paragraph shall be employed under a category 1 contract pursuant to section 33-514A, Idaho Code.

 $(\frac{67}{2})$ When any relative of any director or relative of the spouse of a director related by affinity or consanguinity within the second degree is to be considered for employment in a public charter school, such director shall abstain from voting in the election of such relative and shall be absent from the meeting while such employment is being considered and determined.

SECTION 4. That Section 33-5204, Idaho Code, as amended by Section 71, Chapter 141, Laws of 2015, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 33-5204. NONPROFIT CORPORATION -- LIABILITY -- INSURANCE. (1) A public charter school shall be organized and managed under the Idaho nonprofit corporation act. The board of directors of a public charter school shall be deemed public agents authorized by a public school district, the public charter school commission, or the state board of education to control the public charter school, but shall function independently of any school board of trustees in any school district in which the public charter school is located or independently of the public charter school commission, except as provided in the charter. The nonprofit board may hold multiple charters under the following conditions:
 - (a) Each public charter school must have its own performance certificate; and
 - (b) Each public charter school must be independently accountable for its academic, financial and operational outcomes.
- (2) For the purposes of section 59-1302(15), Idaho Code, a public charter school created pursuant to this chapter shall be deemed a governmental entity. Pursuant to the provisions of section 63-36220, Idaho Code, sales to or purchases by a public charter school are exempt from payment of the sales and use tax. A public charter school and the board of directors of a public charter school are subject to the provisions of:

- (a) Sections 18-1351 through 18-1362, Idaho Code, on bribery and corrupt influence, except as provided by section 33-5204A(2), Idaho Code;
- (b) Chapter 5, title 74, Idaho Code, on prohibitions against contracts with officers;
- (c) Chapter 4, title 74, Idaho Code, on ethics in government;
- (d) Chapter 2, title 74, Idaho Code, on open public meetings; and
- (e) Chapter 1, title 74, Idaho Code, on disclosure of public records; in the same manner that a traditional public school and the board of school trustees of a school district are subject to those provisions.
- (23) A public charter school may sue or be sued, purchase, receive, hold and convey real and personal property for school purposes, and borrow money for such purposes, to the same extent and on the same conditions as a traditional public school district, and its employees, directors and officers shall enjoy the same immunities as employees, directors and officers of traditional public school districts and other public schools, including those provided by chapter 9, title 6, Idaho Code. The authorized chartering entity that approves a public school charter shall have no liability for the acts, omissions, debts or other obligations of a public charter school, except as may be provided in the charter. A local public school district shall have no liability for the acts, omissions, debts or other obligations of a public charter school located in its district that has been approved by an authorized chartering entity other than the board of trustees of the local school district.
- (34) Nothing in this chapter shall prevent the board of directors of a public charter school, operating as a nonprofit corporation, from borrowing money to finance the purchase or lease of school building facilities, equipment and furnishings of those school building facilities. Subject to the terms of a contractual agreement between the board and a lender, nothing herein shall prevent the board from using the facility, its equipment and furnishings as collateral for the loan.
- (45) Public charter schools shall secure insurance for liability and property loss.
 - (56) It shall be unlawful for:
 - (a) Any director to have pecuniary interest, directly or indirectly, in any contract or other transaction pertaining to the maintenance or conduct of the authorized chartering entity and charter or to accept any reward or compensation for services rendered as a director except as may be otherwise provided in this subsection. The board of directors of a public charter school may accept and award contracts involving the public charter school to businesses in which the director or a person related to him by blood or marriage within the second degree has a direct or indirect interest, provided that the procedures set forth in section 18-1361 or 18-1361A, Idaho Code, are followed. The receiving, soliciting or acceptance of moneys of a public charter school for deposit in any bank or trust company, or the lending of moneys by any bank or trust company to any public charter school, shall not be deemed to be a contract pertaining to the maintenance or conduct of a public charter school and authorized chartering entity within the meaning of this section; nor shall the payment by any public charter school board of directors of compensation to any bank or trust company for services rendered in the

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transaction of any banking business with such public charter school board of directors be deemed the payment of any reward or compensation to any officer or director of any such bank or trust company within the meaning of this section.

- (b) The board of directors of any public charter school to enter into or execute any contract with the spouse of any member of such board, the terms of which said contract require, or will require, the payment or delivery of any public charter school funds, moneys or property to such spouse, except as provided in section 18-1361 or 18-1361A, Idaho Code.
- (67) When any relative of any director or relative of the spouse of a director related by affinity or consanguinity within the second degree is to be considered for employment in a public charter school, such director shall abstain from voting in the election of such relative and shall be absent from the meeting while such employment is being considered and determined.

SECTION 5. That Section 33-5205, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

33-5205. PETITION TO ESTABLISH PUBLIC CHARTER SCHOOL. (1) Any group of persons may petition to establish a new public charter school, or to convert an existing traditional public school to a public charter school. The purpose of the charter petition is to present the proposed public charter school's academic and operational vision and plans, demonstrate the petitioner's capacities to execute the proposed vision and plans and provide the authorized chartering entity a clear basis for assessing the applicant's plans and capacities. An approved charter petition shall not serve as the school's performance certificate.

- (a) A petition to establish a new public charter school, including a public virtual charter school, shall be signed by not fewer than thirty (30) qualified electors of the attendance area designated in the petition, unless it is a petition for approval by an authorized chartering entity permitted pursuant to subsection (1)(c) or (1)(d) of section 33-5202A(1)(c) or (d), Idaho Code. Proof of elector qualifications shall be provided with the petition. A petition to establish a new public charter school may be submitted directly to an authorized chartering entity permitted pursuant to subsection(1)(c) or (1)(d) of section 33-5202A(1)(c) or (d), Idaho Code; provided however, that no such individual authorized chartering entity shall approve more than one (1) new public charter school each year within the boundaries of a single school district. Except as provided in this paragraphs (a) and (c) of this subsection, authorized chartering entities permitted pursuant to the provisions of subsection (1)(c) or (1)(d) of section 33-5202A(1)(c) or (d), Idaho Code, shall be governed by the same laws and rules in approving new public charter schools as the public charter school commission.
- (b) A petition to establish a new public virtual school shall not be submitted directly to a local school district board of trustees. Except as provided in paragraph (ac) of this subsection, a petition to establish a new public charter school, other than a new public virtual school, shall first be submitted to the local board of trustees in which the public charter school will be located. A petition shall be considered to be received by an authorized chartering entity as of the next

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regularly scheduled meeting of the authorized chartering entity after submission of the petition.

- (c) Petitions meeting the following conditions may be submitted directly to the public charter school commission or Idaho university or college pursuant to section 33-5202A, Idaho Code: (i) a petition to establish a new virtual public charter school; or (ii) a petition for a new or replication public charter school from an existing charter holder authorized by the public charter school commission or an Idaho university or college pursuant to section 33-5202A, Idaho Code. An existing charter holder authorized by the public charter school commission or an Idaho university or college pursuant to section 33-5202A, Idaho Code, may submit a petition for an additional new charter directly to its existing authorizer.
- (d) The board of trustees may either: (i) consider the petition and approve the charter; or (ii) consider the petition and deny the charter; or (iii) refer the petition to the public charter school commission, but such referral shall not be made until the local board has documented its due diligence in considering the petition. Such documentation shall be submitted with the petition to the public charter school commission. If the petitioners and the local board of trustees have not reached mutual agreement on the provisions of the charter, after a reasonable and good faith effort, within seventy-five (75) days from the date the charter petition is received, the petitioners may withdraw their petition from the local board of trustees and may submit their charter petition to the public charter school commission. Documentation of the reasonable and good faith effort between the petitioners and the local board of trustees must be submitted with the petition to the public charter school commission.
- (de) A petition to convert an existing traditional public school shall be submitted to the board of trustees of the district in which the school is located for review and approval. The petition shall be signed by not fewer than sixty percent (60%) of the teachers currently employed by the school district at the school to be converted, and by one (1) or more parents or guardians of not fewer than sixty percent (60%) of the students currently attending the school to be converted. Each petition submitted to convert an existing school or to establish a new charter school shall contain a copy of the articles of incorporation and the bylaws of the nonprofit corporation, which shall be deemed incorporated into the petition.
- (2) Not later than seventy-five (75) days after receiving a petition for a new or replication public charter school, the authorized chartering entity shall hold a public hearing for the purpose of discussing the provisions of the charter, at which time the authorized chartering entity shall consider the merits of the petition and the level of employee and parental support for the petition. In the case of a petition submitted to the public charter school commission, such public hearing must be not later than seventy-five (75) days after receipt of the petition, which may be extended for an additional specified period of time if both parties agree to an extension. Such agreement shall be established in writing and signed by representatives of both parties.

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(a) In the case of a petition for a public virtual charter school, if the primary attendance area described in the petition of a proposed public virtual charter school extends within the boundaries of five (5) or fewer local school districts, the prospective authorizer shall provide notice in writing of the public hearing no less than thirty (30) days prior to such public hearing to those local school districts. Such public hearing shall include any oral or written comments that an authorized representative of the local school districts may provide regarding the merits of the petition and any potential impacts on the school districts.

(b) In the case of a petition for a non-virtual new or replication public charter school submitted to the public charter school commission, the board of the district in which the proposed public charter school will be physically located, shall be notified of the hearing in writ ing_{τ} by the public charter school commission, no less than thirty (30) days prior to the public hearing. Such public hearing shall include any oral or written comments that an authorized representative of the school district in which the proposed public charter school would be physically located may provide regarding the merits of the petition and any potential impacts on the school district. The hearing shall include any oral or written comments that petitioners may provide regarding any potential impacts on such school district. If the school district chooses not to provide any oral or written comments as provided for in this subsection, such school district shall notify the public charter school commission of such decision. This public hearing shall be an opportunity for public participation and oral presentation by the public. This hearing is not a contested case hearing as described in chapter 52, title 67, Idaho Code. Following review of any petition and any public hearing provided for in this section, the authorized chartering entity shall within seventy-five (75) days either:

(ai) Approve the charter;

- (bii) Deny the charter; or
- (e<u>iii</u>) Provide a written response identifying the specific deficiencies in the petition.
- (c) If the authorized chartering entity exercises the option provided for in paragraph (eb) (iii) of this subsection, then the petitioners may revise the petition and resubmit such within thirty (30) days. Within forty-five (45) days of receiving a revised petition, the authorized chartering entity shall review the revised petition and either approve or deny the petition based upon whether the petitioners have adequately addressed the specific deficiencies identified in the authorized chartering entity's written response, or based upon any other changes made to the petition, and upon no other criteria.
- (3) An authorized chartering entity may approve a charter under the provisions of this chapter only if it determines that the petition contains the requisite signatures, the information required by subsections (4) and (5) of this section, and additional statements describing all of the following:
 - (a) The proposed educational program of the public charter school, designed, among other things, to identify what it means to be an "educated

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person" in the twenty-first century, and how learning best occurs. The goals identified in the program shall include how all educational thoroughness standards as defined in section 33-1612, Idaho Code, shall be fulfilled.

- (b) The measurable student educational standards identified for use by the public charter school. "Student educational standards" for the purpose of this chapter means the extent to which all students of the public charter school demonstrate they have attained the skills and knowledge specified as goals in the school's educational program.
- (c) The method by which student progress in meeting those student educational standards is to be measured.
- (d) A provision by which students of the public charter school will be tested with the same standardized tests as other Idaho public school students.
- (e) A provision which ensures that the public charter school shall be state accredited as provided by rule of the state board of education.
- (f) The governance structure of the public charter school including, but not limited to, the person or entity who shall be legally accountable for the operation of the public charter school, and the process to be followed by the public charter school to ensure parental involvement.
- (g) The qualifications to be met by individuals employed by the public charter school. Instructional staff shall be certified teachers as provided by rule of the state board of education.
- (h) The procedures that the public charter school will follow to ensure the health and safety of students and staff.
- (i) A plan for the requirements of section 33-205, Idaho Code, for the denial of school attendance to any student who is an habitual truant, as defined in section 33-206, Idaho Code, or who is incorrigible, or whose conduct, in the judgment of the board of directors of the public charter school, is such as to be continuously disruptive of school discipline, or of the instructional effectiveness of the school, or whose presence in a public charter school is detrimental to the health and safety of other pupils, or who has been expelled from another school district in this state or any other state.
- (j) The primary attendance area of the charter school, which shall be composed of a compact and contiguous area. For the purposes of this section, if services are available to students throughout the state, the state of Idaho is considered a compact and contiguous area.
- (k) Admission procedures, including provision for overenrollment. Such admission procedures shall provide that the initial admission procedures for a new public charter school or replication public charter school, including provision for overenrollment, will be determined by lottery or other random method, except as otherwise provided herein. If initial capacity is insufficient to enroll all pupils who submit a timely application, then the admission procedures may provide that preference shall be given in the following order: first, to children of founders, provided that this admission preference shall be limited to not more than ten percent (10%) of the capacity of the public charter school; second, to siblings of pupils already selected by the lottery

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or other random method; third, to pupils seeking to transfer from another Idaho public charter school at which they have been enrolled for at least one (1) year, provided that this admission preference shall be subject to an existing written agreement for such preference between the subject charter schools; fourth, to students residing within the primary attendance area of the public charter school; and fifth, by an equitable selection process such as a lottery or other random method. If so stated in its petition, a new public charter school or replication public charter school may include the children of full-time employees of the public charter school within the first priority group subject to the limitations therein. Otherwise, such children shall be included in the highest priority group for which they would otherwise be eligible. If capacity is insufficient to enroll all pupils who submit a timely application for subsequent school terms, then the admission procedures may provide that preference shall be given in the following order: first, to pupils returning to the public charter school in the second or any subsequent year of its operation; second, to children of founders, provided that this admission preference shall be limited to not more than ten percent (10%) of the capacity of the public charter school; third, to siblings of pupils already enrolled in the public charter school; fourth, to pupils seeking to transfer from another Idaho public charter school at which they have been enrolled for at least one (1) year, provided that this admission preference shall be subject to an existing written agreement for such preference between the subject charter schools; fifth, to students residing within the primary attendance area of the public charter school; and sixth, by an equitable selection process such as a lottery or other random method. There shall be no carryover from year to year of the list maintained to fill vacancies. A new lottery shall be conducted each year to fill vacancies which become available. If so stated in its petition, a public charter school may include the following children within the second priority group subject to the limitations therein:

- (i) The children of full-time employees of the public charter school;
- (ii) Children who previously attended the public charter school within the previous three (3) school years, but who withdrew as a result of the relocation of a parent or guardian due to an academic sabbatical, employer or military transfer or reassignment.

Otherwise, such children shall be included in the highest priority group for which they would otherwise be eligible.

- (1) The manner in which annual audits of the financial operations of the public charter school are to be conducted.
- (m) The disciplinary procedures that the public charter school will utilize, including the procedure by which students may be suspended, expelled and reenrolled, and the procedures required by section 33-210, Idaho Code.
- (n) A provision which ensures that all staff members of the public charter school will be covered by the public employee retirement system, federal social security, unemployment insurance, worker's compensation insurance, and health insurance.



- (o) If the public charter school is a conversion of an existing traditional public school, the public school attendance alternative for students residing within the school district who choose not to attend the public charter school.
- (p) A description of the transfer rights of any employee choosing to work in a public charter school that is approved by the board of trustees of a school district, and the rights of such employees to return to any noncharter school in the same school district after employment at such charter school.
- (q) A provision which ensures that the staff of the public charter school shall be considered a separate unit for purposes of collective bargaining.
- (r) The manner by which special education services will be provided to students with disabilities who are eligible pursuant to the federal individuals with disabilities education act, including disciplinary procedures for these students.
- (s) A plan for working with parents who have students who are dually enrolled pursuant to section 33-203, Idaho Code.
- (t) The process by which the citizens in the primary attendance area shall be made aware of the enrollment opportunities of the public charter school.
- (u) A proposal for transportation services including estimated first year costs.
- (v) A plan for termination of the charter by the board of directors, to include:
 - (i) Identification of who is responsible for dissolution of the charter school;
 - (ii) A description of how payment to creditors will be handled;
 - (iii) A procedure for transferring all records of students with notice to parents of how to request a transfer of student records to a specific school; and
 - (iv) A plan for the disposal of the public charter school's assets.
- (4) An authorized chartering entity, except for a school district board of trustees, may approve a charter for a public virtual school under the provisions of this chapter only if it determines that the petition contains the requirements of subsections (3) and (5) of this section and the additional statements describing the following:
 - (a) The learning management system by which courses will be delivered;
 - (b) The role of the online teacher, including the consistent availability of the teacher to provide guidance around course material, methods of individualized learning in the online course and the means by which student work will be assessed;
 - (c) A plan for the provision of professional development specific to the public virtual school environment;
 - (d) The means by which public virtual school students will receive appropriate teacher-to-student interaction, including timely and frequent feedback about student progress;
 - (e) The means by which the public virtual school will verify student attendance and award course credit. Attendance at public virtual schools

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shall focus primarily on coursework and activities that are correlated to the Idaho state thoroughness standards;

- (f) A plan for the provision of technical support relevant to the delivery of online courses;
- (g) The means by which the public virtual school will provide opportunity for student-to-student interaction; and
- (h) A plan for ensuring equal access to all students, including the provision of necessary hardware, software and internet connectivity required for participation in online coursework.
- (5) The petitioner shall provide information regarding the proposed operation and potential effects of the public charter school including, but not limited to, the facilities to be utilized by the public charter school, the manner in which administrative services of the public charter school are to be provided and the potential civil liability effects upon the public charter school and upon the authorized chartering entity.
- (6) An initial charter, if approved, shall be granted for a term of three (3) operating years. This term shall commence on the public charter school's first day of operation.
- SECTION 6. That Chapter 52, Title 33, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION}}$, to be known and designated as Section 33-5205C, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:
- 33-5205C. PUBLIC CHARTER SCHOOL REPLICATION. (1) Public charter schools may petition for replication, subject to the following provisions:
 - (a) The public charter schools must have successfully completed at least one (1) renewal cycle and be eligible for a nonconditional renewal; or
 - (b) Public charter schools that are scheduled to be evaluated for renewal or nonrenewal between March 1, 2016, and March 1, 2019, must be rated in the top twenty percent (20%) of all Idaho public schools by the state's accountability system for the two (2) previous years.
- (2) Replication public charter schools must serve the same, or a subset of the same, grades as the public charter school being replicated and the operational model must be the same as that of the public charter school being replicated.
- (3) A public charter school authorized by the public charter school commission or an Idaho college or university pursuant to section 33-5202A, Idaho Code, must provide written notice and opportunity to comment to the school district for which the replication school will be located at least thirty (30) days prior to submitting the replication request to the authorizing entity. The petitioner must provide written notice to the state department of education at the time the petition is submitted to the authorized chartering entity.
- (4) A school district authorizer may not approve the replication of a public charter school that is physically located outside of the authorizer's school district boundaries.
- (5) Replication petitions are not subject to a sufficiency review by the state department of education.
- (6) The replicated public charter schools under a single charter holder shall be authorized and funded as separate schools. The charter holder

must obtain annual independent comprehensive fiscal audits that treat each school as a separate component unit. Funds appropriated by the state must be used toward the operations of the public charter school for which they were appropriated. This does not prohibit multiple public charter schools under a single charter holder from combining resources toward administrative or program costs or prohibit public charter schools from participating in cooperative education services pursuant to sections 33-315 and 33-316, Idaho Code.

- (7) Authorized chartering entities must establish policies regarding the criteria that will be considered when evaluating a petition for replication. Such criteria must include at a minimum the following replication petition requirements:
 - (a) A description of the capacity of the charter holder to successfully replicate an additional school;
 - (b) A description of how the charter holder will manage multiple charter schools while maintaining a high level of academic and fiscal performance in the original public charter school and the replication school; and
 - (c) A description of how the charter holder will incorporate representation and input in the school operations from the local area where the replication public charter school is physically located if the location is outside of the school district of the public charter school being replicated.

SECTION 7. That Section 33-5206, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 33-5206. REQUIREMENTS AND PROHIBITIONS UPON APPROVAL OF A PUBLIC CHARTER SCHOOL. (1) In addition to any other requirements imposed in this chapter, a public charter school shall be nonsectarian in its programs, affiliations, admission policies, employment practices, and all other operations, shall not charge tuition, levy taxes or issue bonds, and shall not discriminate against any student on any basis prohibited by the federal or state constitutions or any federal, state or local law. Admission to a public charter school shall not be determined according to the place of residence of the student, or of the student's parent or guardian within the district, except that a new, replication or conversion public charter school established under the provisions of this chapter shall adopt and maintain a policy giving admission preference to students who reside within the primary attendance area of that public charter school.
- (2) No board of trustees shall require any employee of the school district to be involuntarily assigned to work in a public charter school.
- (3) Certified teachers in a public charter school shall be considered public school teachers. Educational experience shall accrue for service in a public charter school and such experience shall be counted by any school district for any teacher who has been employed in a public charter school.
- (4) Employment of charter school teachers and administrators shall be on written contract in form as approved by the state superintendent of public instruction, conditioned upon a valid certificate being held by such professional personnel at the time of entering upon the duties thereunder.

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(5) No board of trustees shall require any student enrolled in the school district to attend a public charter school.

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- (6) Authorized chartering entities may establish reasonable pre-opening requirements or conditions to monitor the start-up progress of newly approved public charter schools and ensure that they are prepared to open smoothly on the date agreed, and to ensure that each school meets all building, health, safety, insurance and other legal requirements for school opening.
- (7) Each public charter school shall annually submit the audit of the fiscal operations as required in section 33-5205(3)(1), Idaho Code, and a copy of the public charter school's accreditation report to the authorized chartering entity that approved its charter.
- (8) A public charter school or the authorized chartering entity may enter into negotiations to revise a charter or performance certificate at any time. If a public charter school petitions to revise its charter or performance certificate, the authorized chartering entity's review of the revised petition shall be limited in scope solely to the proposed revisions. Except for public charter schools authorized by a school district board of trustees, when a non-virtual public charter school submits a proposed charter revision to its authorized chartering entity and such revision includes a proposal to increase such public charter school's approved student enrollment cap by ten percent (10%) or more, the authorized chartering entity shall hold a public hearing on such petition. The authorized chartering entity shall provide the board of the local school district in which the public charter school is physically located notice in writing of such hearing no later than thirty (30) days prior to the hearing. The public hearing shall include any oral or written comments that an authorized representative of the school district in which the public charter school is physically located may provide regarding the impact of the proposed charter revision upon the school district. Such public hearing shall also include any oral or written comments that any petitioner may provide regarding the impact of the proposed charter revision upon such school district.
- (9) When a charter is nonrenewed pursuant to the provisions of section 33-5209B, Idaho Code, revoked pursuant to section 33-5209C, Idaho Code, or the board of directors of the public charter school terminates the charter, the assets of the public charter school remaining after all debts of the public charter school have been satisfied must be returned to the authorized chartering entity for distribution in accordance with applicable law.
- (10) Public charter schools may contract with educational services providers subject to the following provisions:
 - (a) Educational services providers, whether for-profit or nonprofit, shall be third-party entities separate from the public charter schools with which they contract. Educational services providers shall not be considered governmental entities.
 - (b) No more than one-third (1/3) of the public charter school's board membership may be comprised of nonprofit educational services provider representatives. Nonprofit educational services provider representatives may not be employees of the public charter school or the educational services provider and may not hold office as president or treasurer on the public charter school's board. For-profit educational

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services providers may not have representatives on the public charter school's board of directors.

- (c) Public charter school board of director members shall annually disclose any existing and potential conflicts of interest, pecuniary or otherwise, with affiliated educational services providers.
- (d) Charter holders shall retain responsibility for academic, fiscal and organizational operations and outcomes of the school and may not relinquish this responsibility to any other entity through a management contract.
- Management contracts must ensure that school boards retain the (e) right to terminate the contract for failure to meet defined performance standards.
- (f) Management contracts must ensure that assets purchased by educational services providers on behalf of the school, using public funds, shall remain assets of the school. The provisions of this paragraph shall not prevent educational services providers from acquiring assets using revenue acquired through management fees.
- Charter holders shall consult legal counsel independent of the party for whom they are contracting for purposes of reviewing the school's management contract and facility lease or purchase agree-
- (h) Charter holders must ensure that their facility contracts are separate from any and all management contracts.
- (i) Prior to approval of the charter petition indicating the school board's intention to contract with an educational services provider, authorized chartering entities shall conduct a thorough evaluation of the academic, financial and organizational outcomes of other schools that have contracted with the educational services provider and evidence of the educational services provider's capacity to successfully grow the public charter school while maintaining quality management and instruction in existing schools.
- (j) Contracts may not obligate the charter school to commit more funds than annual revenue will cover in a given year.

SECTION 8. That Section 33-5207, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

CHARTER APPEAL PROCEDURE. (1) If a local school board of trustees, acting in its capacity as an authorized chartering entity, approves a petition for the conversion of an existing traditional public school within the school district over the objection of thirty (30) or more persons or employees of the district, or if an authorized chartering entity denies a petition for the establishment of a new or replication public charter school for any reason including, but not limited to, failure by the petitioner to follow procedures or for failure to provide required information, then such decisions may be appealed to the state superintendent of public instruction within thirty (30) days of the date of the written decision, at the request of persons opposing the conversion of an existing traditional public school, or at the request of the petitioner whose request for a new charter was denied.

The state superintendent of public instruction shall select a hearing officer to review the action of the authorized chartering entity, pursuant to section 67-5242, Idaho Code. The hearing officer shall, within thirty (30) days of receipt of the request, review the full record regarding the charter petition and convene a public hearing regarding the charter petition. Within ten (10) days of the public hearing, the hearing officer shall submit a written recommendation to the authorized chartering entity and to the persons requesting the review. The recommendation by the hearing officer either to affirm or reverse the decision of the authorized chartering entity shall be based upon the full record regarding the charter petition, including the standards and criteria contained in this chapter and upon any public charter school rules adopted by the state board of education. The recommendation shall be in writing and accompanied by a reasoned statement that explains the criteria and standards considered relevant, states the relevant contested facts relied upon, and explains the rationale for the recommendations based on the applicable statutory provisions and factual information contained in the record.

- (3) Within thirty (30) days following receipt of the hearing officer's written recommendation, the authorized chartering entity shall hold a meeting open to the public for the purpose of reviewing the hearing officer's written recommendation. Within ten (10) days of such meeting, the authorized chartering entity shall either affirm or reverse its initial decision. The authorized chartering entity's decision shall be in writing and contain findings which explain the reasons for its decision.
- (4) If, upon reconsideration of a decision to approve the conversion of a traditional public school to a public charter school, the local school board:
 - (a) Affirms its initial decision to authorize such conversion, the charter shall be approved and there shall be no further appeal.
 - (b) Reverses its initial decision and denies the conversion, that decision is final and there shall be no further appeal.
- (5) If, upon reconsideration of a decision to deny a petition for a public charter school, the authorized chartering entity:
 - (a) Reverses its initial decision and approves the public charter school petition, there shall be no further appeal.
 - (b) Affirms its initial decision denying the public charter school petition, the board of directors of the nonprofit corporation identified in the petition may appeal to the state board of education. The state board of education shall hold a public hearing within a reasonable time after receiving notice of such appeal but no later than sixty (60) calendar days after receiving such notice, and after the public hearing, shall take any of the following actions: (i) approve or deny the petition for the public charter school, provided that the state board of education shall only approve the petition if it determines that the authorized chartering entity failed to appropriately consider the charter petition, or if it acted in an arbitrary manner in denying the petition; or (ii) in the case of a denial by the board of a local school district, redirect the matter to the public charter school commission for further review. Such public hearing shall be conducted pursuant to procedures as set by the state board of education.

(6) A public charter school for which a charter is approved by the state board of education shall qualify fully as a public charter school for all funding and other purposes of this chapter. The public charter school commission shall assume the role of the authorized chartering entity for any charter approved by the state board of education as provided in subsection (5)(b) of this section. Employees of a public charter school approved by the state board of education shall not be considered employees of the local school district in which the public charter school is located, nor of the state board of education, nor of the commission.

- (7) The decision of the state board of education shall be subject to review pursuant to chapter 52, title 67, Idaho Code. Nothing in this section shall prevent a petitioner from bringing a new petition for a public charter school at a later time.
- (8) There shall be no appeal of a decision by a local school board of trustees which denies the conversion of an existing traditional public school within that district to a public charter school, or by an authorized chartering entity which approves a petition for a public charter school.

SECTION 9. That Section 33-5208, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

33-5208. PUBLIC CHARTER SCHOOL FINANCIAL SUPPORT. Except as provided in subsection (10) of this section, from the state educational support program the state department of education shall make the following apportionment to each public charter school for each fiscal year based on attendance figures submitted in a manner and time as required by the department of education:

- (1) Per student support. Computation of support units for each public charter school shall be calculated as if it were a separate school according to the schedules in section 33-1002(4), Idaho Code, except that public charter schools with fewer than one hundred (100) secondary ADA shall use a divisor of twelve (12) and the minimum units shall not apply, and no public charter school shall receive an increase in support units that exceeds the support units it received in the prior year by more than thirty (30). Funding from the state educational support program shall be equal to the total distribution factor, plus the salary-based apportionment provided in chapter 10, title 33, Idaho Code. Provided however, any public charter school that is formed by the conversion of an existing traditional public school shall be assigned divisors, pursuant to section 33-1002, Idaho Code, that are no lower than the divisors of the school district in which the traditional public school is located, for each category of pupils listed.
- (2) Special education. For each student enrolled in the public charter school who is entitled to special education services, the state and federal funds from the exceptional child education program for that student that would have been apportioned for that student to the school district in which the public charter school is located.
- (3) Alternative school support. Public charter schools may qualify under the provisions of sections 33-1002 and 33-1002C, Idaho Code, provided the public charter school meets the necessary statutory requirements, and students qualify for attendance at an alternative school as provided by rule of the state board of education.

(4) Transportation support. Support shall be paid to the public charter school as provided in chapter 15, title 33, Idaho Code, and section 33-1006, Idaho Code. Each public charter school shall furnish the department with an enrollment count as of the first Friday in November, of public charter school students who are eligible for reimbursement of transportation costs under the provisions of this subsection and who reside more than one and one-half (1 1/2) miles from the school. The state department of education is authorized to include in the annual appropriation to the charter school sixty percent (60%) of the estimated transportation cost. The final appropriation payment in July shall reflect reimbursements of actual costs pursuant to section 33-1006, Idaho Code. To be eligible for state reimbursement under the provisions of section 33-1006, Idaho Code, the student to be transported must reside within the public charter school's primary attendance area, and must meet at least one (1) of the following two (2) criteria:

- (a) The student resides within the school district in which the public charter school is physically located; or
- (b) The student resides within fifteen (15) miles of the public charter school, by road.

The limitations placed by this subsection on the reimbursement of transportation costs for certain students shall not apply to public virtual schools.

(5) Facilities funds. The state department of education shall distribute facilities funds to public charter schools for each enrolled student in which a majority of the student's instruction is received at a facility that is owned or leased by the public charter school. Such funds shall be used to defray the purchase, fee, loan or lease costs associated with payments for real property used by the students or employees of the public charter school for educational or administrative purposes. Such funds shall be distributed from the moneys appropriated to the educational support program, and shall be calculated as a percentage of the statewide average amount of bond and plant facility funds levied per student by Idaho school districts, as follows:

Fiscal Year 2014 Twenty Percent (20%)
Fiscal Year 2015 Thirty Percent (30%)

For fiscal year 2016 and each fiscal year thereafter, this percentage shall increase by ten percent (10%) each time the total appropriation of state funds for the educational support program increases by three percent (3%) or more over the prior fiscal year, and shall decrease by ten percent (10%) each time the total appropriation of state funds for the educational support program decreases as compared to the prior fiscal year. Provided however, that the percentage shall be no less than twenty percent (20%) and no greater than fifty percent (50%), and that the average amount of funding received per public charter school shall not exceed the average amount of funding received by each school district pursuant to the provisions of section 33-906, Idaho Code.

For those public charter schools that do not receive facilities funds for all enrolled students, the school may submit to the state department of education a reimbursement claim for any costs for which facilities funds may be used. The state department of education shall reduce such claim by the

greater of fifty percent (50%) or the percentage of the school's enrolled students for which the school receives facilities funds, and shall pay the balance. Provided however, that the total reimbursements paid to a public charter school, in combination with any facilities stipend received by the school, shall not exceed the amount of facilities funds that would have been received by the school had the school received facilities funds for all enrolled students. For the purposes of this subsection, the term "real property" shall be used as defined in section 63-201, Idaho Code.

- (6) Payment schedule. The state department of education is authorized to make an advance payment of twenty-five percent (25%) of a public charter school's estimated annual apportionment for its first year of operation, and each year thereafter, provided the public charter school is serving more grades or at least ten percent (10%) more classes than the previous year, to assist the school with initial start-up costs or payroll obligations. For a public charter school entering its second or greater year of operations, the state department of education may require documentation establishing the need for such an advance payment, including comparative class schedules and proof of a commensurate increase in the number of employees.
 - (a) For a public charter school to receive the advance payment, the school shall submit its anticipated fall membership for each grade level to the state department of education by June 1.
 - (b) Using the figures provided by the public charter school, the state department of education shall determine an estimated annual apportionment from which the amount of the advance payment shall be calculated. Advance payment shall be made to the school on or after July 1 but no later than July 31.
 - (c) All subsequent payments, taking into account the one-time advance payment made for the first year of operation, shall be made to the public charter school in the same manner as other traditional public schools in accordance with the provisions of section 33-1009, Idaho Code.

A public charter school shall comply with all applicable fiscal requirements of law, except that the following provisions shall not be applicable to public charter schools: that portion of section 33-1004, Idaho Code, relating to reduction of the administrative and instructional staff allowance and the pupil service staff allowance when there is a discrepancy between the number allowed and the number actually employed; and section 33-1004E, Idaho Code, for calculation of district staff indices.

- (7) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit any private person or organization from providing funding or other financial assistance to the establishment or operation of a public charter school.
- (8) Each public charter school shall pay an authorizer fee to its authorized chartering entity, to defray the actual documented cost of monitoring, evaluation and oversight, which, in the case of public charter schools authorized by the public charter school commission, shall include each school's proportional fee share of moneys appropriated from the public charter school authorizers fund to the public charter school commission, plus fifteen percent (15%). Provided however, that each public charter school's board of directors may direct up to ten percent (10%) of the calculated fee to pay membership fees to an organization or association that provides technical assistance, training and advocacy for Idaho public charter schools.

Unless the authorized chartering entity declines payment, such fee shall be paid by March 15 of each fiscal year and shall not exceed the greater of:

- (a) All state funds distributed to public schools on a support unit basis for the prior fiscal year, divided by the statewide number of public school students in average daily attendance in the first reporting period in the prior fiscal year; or
- (b) The lesser of:

- (i) The result of the calculation in subsection (8)(a) of this section, multiplied by four (4); or
- (ii) One and one-half percent (1.5%) of the result of the calculation in subsection (8)(a) of this section, multiplied by the public charter school's average daily attendance in the first reporting period in the current fiscal year.
- (9) Nothing in this chapter shall prevent a public charter school from applying for federal grant moneys.
 - (10) (a) Each student in attendance at a public virtual school shall be funded based upon either the actual hours of attendance in the public virtual school on a flexible schedule, or the percentage of coursework completed, whichever is more advantageous to the school, up to the maximum of one (1) full-time equivalent student.
 - (b) All federal educational funds shall be administered and distributed to public charter schools, including public virtual schools, that have been designated as a local education agency (LEA), as provided in section $33-5203\,(78)$, Idaho Code.
- (11) Nothing in this section prohibits separate face-to-face learning activities or services.
- (12) The provisions of section 33-1021, Idaho Code, shall apply to public charter schools provided for in this chapter.
- SECTION 10. That Section 33-5209A, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 33-5209A. ACCOUNTABILITY. (1) Performance framework. The performance provisions within the performance certificate shall be based upon a performance framework that clearly sets forth the academic and operational performance indicators, measures and metrics that will guide the authorized chartering entity's evaluations of each public charter school. The performance framework shall include indicators, measures and metrics for, at a minimum:
 - (a) Student academic proficiency;
 - (b) Student academic growth;
 - (c) College and career readiness (for high schools); and
 - (d) Board performance and stewardship, including compliance with all applicable laws, regulations and terms of the performance certificate.
- (2) Measurable performance targets shall be set by each <u>charter holder</u> for each public charter school <u>for which it holds a charter</u> in conjunction with its authorized chartering entity and shall, at a minimum, require that each school meet applicable federal, state and authorized chartering entity goals for student achievement.
- (3) The performance framework shall allow the inclusion of additional rigorous, valid and reliable indicators proposed by a public charter school

holder to augment external evaluations of its performance, provided that the authorized chartering entity approves the quality and rigor of such school-proposed proposed indicators, and that they are consistent with the purposes of this chapter.

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- (4) For each public charter school it oversees, the authorized chartering entity shall be responsible for analyzing and reporting all data from state assessments in accordance with the performance framework.
- SECTION 11. That Section 33-5209B, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 33-5209B. CHARTER RENEWALS. (1) A charter may be renewed for successive five (5) year terms of duration. An authorized chartering entity may grant renewal with specific, written conditions for necessary improvements to a public charter school. Any such specific, written conditions shall state the date by which the conditions must be met.
- (2) Following the initial three (3) year term, an authorized chartering entity may nonrenew or grant renewal for an additional five (5) years, based upon the performance of the public charter school on the performance indicators, measures and metrics contained in the performance certificate. Subsequent renewals shall be for a term of five (5) years.
- (3) No later than November 15, the authorized chartering entity shall issue a public charter school performance report and charter renewal application guidance to any charter holder with a public charter school whose charter will expire the following year. The performance report shall summarize the public charter school's performance record to date, based upon the data required by this chapter and the performance certificate, and shall provide notice of any weaknesses or concerns determined by the authorized chartering entity concerning the public charter school that may jeopardize its position in seeking renewal, if not timely rectified. The public charter school holder shall have thirty (30) days to respond to the performance report and submit any corrections or clarifications for the report.
- (4) The renewal application guidance shall, at a minimum, provide an opportunity for the public charter school holder to:
 - (a) Present additional evidence, beyond the data contained in the performance report, supporting its case for charter renewal; and
 - (b) Describe improvements undertaken or planned for the school.
- (5) The renewal application guidance shall include or refer explicitly to the criteria that will guide the authorized chartering entity's renewal decisions, which shall be based on independent fiscal audits and the performance framework set forth in the performance certificate.
- (6) No later than December 15, the governing board of a public charter school holder seeking renewal shall submit a renewal application to the authorized chartering entity pursuant to the renewal application guidance issued by the authorized chartering entity. The authorized chartering entity shall vote on the renewal application no later than March 15.
- (7) In making charter renewal decisions, every authorized chartering entity shall:
 - (a) Ground its decisions in evidence of the school's performance over the term of the performance certificate in accordance with the performance framework set forth in the performance certificate;

(b) Ensure that data used in making renewal decisions are available to the school and the public; and

- (c) Provide a public report summarizing the evidence basis for each decision.
- (8) An authorized chartering entity must develop revocation and nonrenewal processes that:
 - (a) Provide the charter holders with a timely notification of the prospect of revocation or nonrenewal and of the reasons for such possible closure, which shall be limited to failure to meet the terms of the performance certificate or the written conditions established pursuant to the provisions of subsection (1) of this section;
 - (b) Allow the charter holders a reasonable amount of time in which to prepare a response;
 - (c) Provide the charter holders with an opportunity to submit documents and give testimony challenging the rationale for closure and in support of the continuation of the school at an orderly proceeding held for that purpose;
 - (d) Allow the charter holders to be represented by counsel and to call witnesses on their behalf;
 - (e) Permit the recording of such proceedings; and

- (f) After a reasonable period for deliberation, require a final determination to be made and conveyed in writing to the charter holders.
- (9) An authorized chartering entity shall renew any charter in which the public charter school met all of the terms of its performance certificate at the time of renewal. An authorized chartering entity may renew or nonrenew any charter in which the public charter school failed to meet one (1) or more of the terms of its performance certificate.
- SECTION 12. That Section 33-5209C, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 33-5209C. ENFORCEMENT -- REVOCATION -- APPEAL. (1) An authorized chartering entity shall continually monitor the performance and legal compliance of the public charter schools it oversees, including collecting and analyzing data to support ongoing evaluation according to the performance certificate. Every authorized chartering entity shall have the authority to conduct or require oversight activities that enable the authorized chartering entity to fulfill its responsibilities pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, including conducting appropriate inquiries and investigations, so long as those activities are consistent with the intent of this chapter, adhere to the terms of the performance certificate and do not unduly inhibit the autonomy granted to public charter schools.
- (2) Each authorized chartering entity shall annually publish and make available to the public a performance report for each public charter school it oversees, in accordance with the performance framework set forth in the performance certificate and section 33-5209A, Idaho Code. The authorized chartering entity may require each public charter school it oversees to submit an annual report to assist the authorized chartering entity in gathering complete information about each school consistent with the performance framework. Each public charter school shall publish its annual performance report on the school's website.

- (3) If an authorized chartering entity has reason to believe that a public charter school cannot remain fiscally sound for the remainder of its certificate term, it shall provide the state department of education with written notification of such concern. Upon receiving such notification, the state department of education shall have the authority to modify the percentage of the total appropriation to be paid to the public charter school pursuant to the provisions of section 33-1009(1), Idaho Code, such that equal percentages are paid on each of the prescribed dates.
- (4) If an authorized chartering entity has reason to believe that a <u>charter holder or public</u> charter school has violated any provision of law, it shall notify the <u>public</u> charter <u>school holder</u> and the entity responsible for administering said law of the possible violation.
- (5) If an authorized chartering entity revokes or does not renew a charter, the authorized chartering entity shall clearly state, in a resolution of its governing board, the reasons for the revocation or nonrenewal.
- (6) Within fourteen (14) days of taking action to renew, not renew or revoke a charter, the authorized chartering entity shall report to the state board of education the action taken and shall provide a copy of the report to the <u>public</u> charter <u>school</u> <u>holder</u> at the same time that the report is submitted to the state board of education. The report shall include a copy of the authorized chartering entity's resolution setting forth the action taken and reasons for the decision and assurances as to compliance with all of the requirements set forth in this chapter.
- (7) A charter may be revoked by the authorized chartering entity if the public charter school has failed to meet any of the specific, written conditions for necessary improvements established pursuant to the provisions of section 33-5209B(1), Idaho Code, by the dates specified. Revocation may not occur until the public charter school holder has been afforded a public hearing, unless the authorized chartering entity determines that the continued operation of the public charter school presents an imminent public safety issue, in which case the charter may be revoked immediately. Public hearings shall be conducted by the authorized chartering entity or such other person or persons appointed by the authorized chartering entity to conduct public hearings and receive evidence as a contested case in accordance with the provisions of section 67-5242, Idaho Code. Notice and opportunity to reply shall include, at a minimum, written notice setting out the basis for consideration of revocation, a period of not less than thirty (30) days within which the public charter school holder can reply in writing, and a public hearing within thirty (30) days of the receipt of the written reply.
- (8) A decision to revoke or nonrenew a charter or to deny a revision of a charter may be appealed directly to the state board of education. With respect to such appeal, the state board of education shall substantially follow the procedure as provided in section 33-5207(5)(b), Idaho Code. In the event the state board of education reverses a decision of revocation or nonrenewal, the <u>public</u> charter <u>school</u> <u>holder</u> subject to such action shall then be placed under the chartering authority of the public charter school commission.

SECTION 13. That Section 33-5210, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:



- 33-5210. APPLICATION OF SCHOOL LAW -- ACCOUNTABILITY -- EXEMPTION FROM STATE RULES. (1) All public charter schools are under the general supervision of the state board of education.
- (2) Every authorized chartering entity that approves a charter shall be responsible for ensuring that each public charter school program approved by that authorized chartering entity meets the terms of the charter, complies with the general education laws of the state unless specifically directed otherwise in this chapter 52, title 33, Idaho Code, and operates in accordance with the state educational standards of thoroughness as defined in pursuant to section 33-1612, Idaho Code.
- (3) Each <u>public</u> charter school shall comply with the financial reporting requirements of section 33-701, subsections 5. through 10., Idaho Code, in the same manner as those requirements are imposed upon school districts.
- (4) Other than as specified in this section, eEach public charter school is otherwise exempt from rules governing school districts which have been promulgated by the state board of education, with the exception of state rules relating to:
 - (a) Waiver of tT eacher certification as necessitated by the provisions of section 33-5205(3)(g), Idaho Code;
 - (b) Accreditation of the school as necessitated by the provisions of section 33-5205(3)(e), Idaho Code;
 - (c) Qualifications of a student for attendance at an alternative school as necessitated by the provisions of section 33-5208(3), Idaho Code;
 - (d) The rRequirements that all employees of the school undergo a criminal history check as required by section 33-130, Idaho Code; and
 - (e) Rules promulgated pursuant to section 33-1612, Idaho Code; and
 - (f) All rules which specifically pertain to public charter schools promulgated by the state board of education. Public charter schools authorized by the public charter school commission are also subject to rules promulgated by the public charter school commission.
- SECTION 14. The provisions of Section 4 of this act shall be in full force and effect on and after July 1, 2018.